

Work the following on notebook paper.

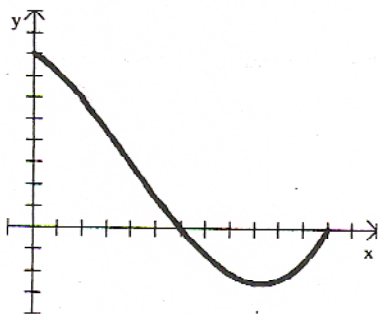
1. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve  $y = F(x)$  where  $F(x) = \int_1^x \sqrt[3]{t^2 + 7} dt$  at the point on the curve where  $x = 1$ .

2. Suppose that  $5x^3 + 40 = \int_c^x f(t) dt$ .

- (a) What is  $f(x)$ ?  
 (b) Find the value of  $c$ .

3. If  $F(x) = \int_{-4}^x (t-1)^2 (t+3) dt$ , for what values of  $x$  is  $F$  decreasing? Justify your answer.

4. Let  $H(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$  where  $f$  is the continuous function with domain  $[0, 12]$  shown on the right.

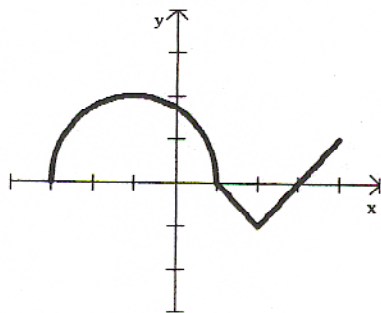


Graph of  $f$

- (a) Find  $H(0)$ .  
 (b) On what interval(s) of  $x$  is  $H$  increasing? Justify your answer.  
 (c) On what interval(s) of  $x$  is  $H$  concave up? Justify your answer.  
 (d) Is  $H(12)$  positive or negative? Explain.  
 (e) For what value of  $x$  does  $H$  achieve its maximum value? Explain.

5. The graph of a function  $f$  consists of a semicircle and two line segments as shown on the right.

Let  $g(x) = \int_1^x f(t) dt$ .



Graph of  $f$

- (a) Find  $g(1)$ ,  $g(3)$ ,  $g(-1)$ .  
 (b) On what interval(s) of  $x$  is  $g$  decreasing? Justify your answer.  
 (c) Find all values of  $x$  on the open interval  $(-3, 4)$  at which  $g$  has a relative minimum. Justify your answer.  
 (d) Find the absolute maximum value of  $g$  on the interval  $[-3, 4]$  and the value of  $x$  at which it occurs. Justify your answer.  
 (e) On what interval(s) of  $x$  is  $g$  concave up? Justify your answer.  
 (f) For what value(s) of  $x$  does the graph of  $g$  have an inflection point? Justify your answer.  
 (g) Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of  $g$  at  $x = -1$ .

6. The graph of the function  $f$ , consisting of three line segments, is shown on the right.

$$\text{Let } g(x) = \int_1^x f(t) dt.$$

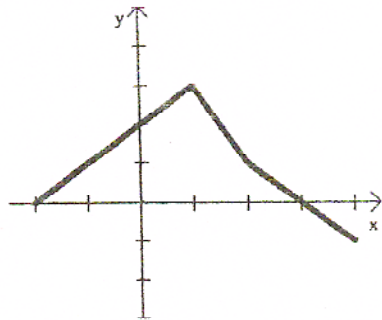
(a) Find  $g(2)$ ,  $g(4)$ ,  $g(-2)$ .

(b) Find  $g'(0)$  and  $g'(3)$ .

(c) Find the instantaneous rate of change of  $g$  with respect to  $x$  at  $x = 2$ .

(d) Find the absolute maximum value of  $g$  on the interval  $[-2, 4]$ . Justify your answer.

(e) The second derivative of  $g$  is not defined at  $x = 1$  and at  $x = 2$ . Which of these values are  $x$ -coordinates of points of inflection of the graph of  $g$ ? Justify your answer.



Graph of  $f$