

Work the following on **notebook paper**.

1. Use the graph of $y = f(x)$ in the figure below to estimate the value of $f'(1)$, $f'(3)$, $f'(5)$, and $f'(6)$.

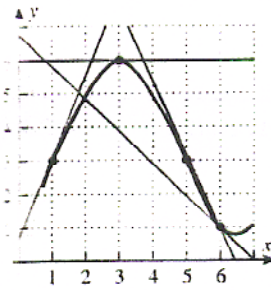


Figure for problem 1

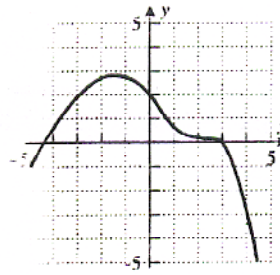
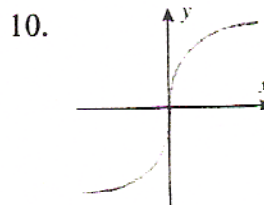
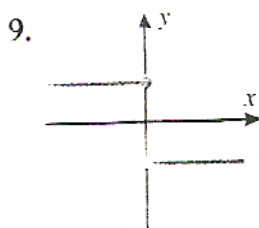
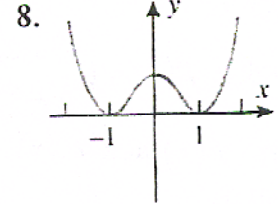
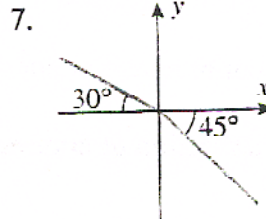
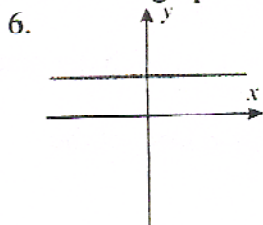


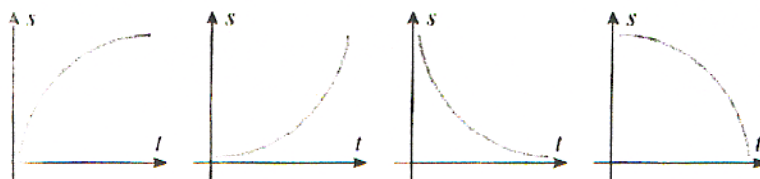
Figure for problem 2

2. For the function graphed above, arrange the numbers 0 , $f'(-3)$, $f'(0)$, $f'(2)$, and $f'(4)$ in increasing order.
3. Given that the tangent line to $y = f(x)$ at the point $(1, 2)$ passes through the point $(-1, -1)$, find $f'(1)$.
4. Sketch the graph of a function f for which $f(0) = -1$, $f'(x) < 0$ if $x < 0$, and $f'(x) > 0$ if $x > 0$.
5. Given that $f(3) = -1$ and $f'(3) = 5$, find an equation for the tangent line to the graph of $y = f(x)$ at $x = 3$.

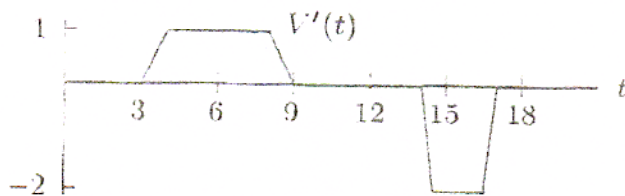
Sketch the graph of the derivative of the function whose graph is shown.



10. The figure below shows the position versus time curves of four different particles moving on a straight line. For each particle, determine whether its instantaneous velocity is increasing or decreasing with time.



11. A child inflates a balloon, admires it for awhile, and then lets the air out at a constant rate. If $V(t)$ gives the volume of the balloon at time t , then the figure below shows $V'(t)$ as a function of t . At what time does the child:
- (a) Begin to inflate the balloon?
 (b) Finish inflating the balloon?
 (c) Begin to let the air out?



Each of the given limits represents $f'(c)$ for some function f and some number c . Find $f(x)$ and c for each problem.

12. $\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+\Delta x} - 1}{\Delta x}$

13. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^{3/2} - 8}{x - 4}$

14. $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos(\pi + h) + 1}{h}$

15. $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{3+h} - e^3}{h}$

16. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\tan x - \sqrt{3}}{x - \frac{\pi}{3}}$

17. Show that $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 1, & x \leq 1 \\ 2x, & x > 1 \end{cases}$ is continuous and differentiable at $x = 1$. Sketch the graph

of both $f(x)$ and $f'(x)$. Use the definition of continuity and the alternative form of the derivative.

18. Show that $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 2, & x \leq 1 \\ x + 2, & x > 1 \end{cases}$ is continuous but not differentiable at $x = 1$. Sketch the graph

of both $f(x)$ and $f'(x)$. Use the definition of continuity and the alternative form of the derivative.